## ENSTMAN



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Eastman<sup>™</sup> Cellulose Acetate Butyrate (CAB-381-0.1)

### **Applications**

- Aerospace coatings
- Architectural coatings
- Auto oem
- Auto plastics
- Auto refinish
- Automotive
- Automotive protective coatings
- Coil coatings
- Coil coatings-appliances
- Commerical printing inks
- Consumer electronics
- Electronic chemicals
- Flexographic printing inks
- Furniture
- General industrial coatings
- Graphic arts
- Gravure printing inks
- Industrial electronics
- Industrial maintenance
- Inkjet printing inks
- Inks
- Leather coatings
- Marine
- Metal coatings
- Motorcycles
- Non-medical housings & hardware for elec
- Other-transportation
- Overprint varnishes
- Pack & carton coatings
- Packaging coatings non food contact
- Packaging inks non food contact
- Paints & coatings
- Personal care ingredients
- Polymer modification
- Process additives
- Protective coatings
- Roofing
- Screen printing inks
- Small appliances non-food contact
- Truck/bus/rv
- Uv printing inks
- Wood coatings

# **Product Description**

Eastman Cellulose Acetate Butyrate (CAB-381-0.1) is a cellulose ester with medium butyryl content and low viscosity. It was designed for use where low-application viscosities at relatively high solids levels are needed. It is soluble in a wide range of solvents and compatible with many other resins. It will also tolerate the use of solvent blends currently exempt from certain air pollution regulations. When CAB-381-0.1 is dissolved in appropriate solvents a clear, colorless solution is produced. It is supplied as a dry, free-flowing powder.

Eastman CAB-381-0.1 is based on cellulose, one of the most abundant natural renewable resources, from trees harvested from sustainably managed forests. The calculated approximate bio-content value of 41% for Eastman CAB-381-0.1 was determined by using six bio-based carbon atoms per anhyroglucose unit divided by the total

number of carbons per anhyroglucose unit. Although the value reported is not specifically measured for biocarbon, it can be estimated based on typical partition data.

For applications that require food contact compliance, please refer to CAB-381-0.1, Food Contact.

### **Typical Properties**

Property	Typical Value, Units
General	
Viscosity <sup>a</sup>	
S	0.1
Poise	0.38
Acetyl Content	13.5 wt %
Butyryl Content	38 wt %
Hydroxyl Content	1.5 %
Moisture Content	3.0 max %
Tg <sup>b</sup>	123 °C
Melting range	155-165 °C
Bulk Density	
Poured	458.1 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (28.6 lb/ft <sup>3</sup> )
Tapped	544.5 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (34 lb/ft <sup>3</sup> )
Specific Gravity	1.2
Acidity	
as Acetic Acid	0.03 wt %
Ash Content	<0.01 %
Refractive Index	1.48
Dielectric Strength	787-984 kv/cm (2-2.5 kv/mil)
Tukon Hardness	18 Knoops
Wt/Vol	
(Cast Film)	1.2 kg/L (10.0 lb/gal)
Heat Test	
@ 160°C for 8 hr	Tan melt

<sup>a</sup>Viscosity determined by ASTM Method D 1343. Results converted to poises (ASTM Method D 1343) using the solution density for Formula A as stated in ASTM Method D 817 (20% Cellulose ester, 72% acetone, 8% ethyl alcohol). <sup>b</sup>Glass Transition Temperature

#### Comments

Properties reported here are typical of average lots. Eastman makes no representation that the material in any particular shipment will conform exactly to the values given.

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